

Chapter 6.

1. Scholars can reconstruct the Passover meal of Jesus' day from two sources the Mishnah and the Tosefta, both collections of Jewish traditions. Tosefta was written after Mishnah and means what?
2. The services of a Passover meal were organized around how many cups of wine?
3. Each cup of wine introduces what part?
4. Each cup of wine was "mixed" before it was used. Mixed with what? Why is this important to us a Catholics?
5. What were the four key dishes that made up the Passover meal?
6. When the Passover meal was eaten what were the three steps in eating the meal? What was done first? What was done second? Why is this step important to Christians? What was done third?
7. The last cup of wine finished the Passover meal? What was it called? What is the Hebrew word?
8. In Jewish eyes, did Jesus finish his last Passover meal?
9. Jesus seems to indicate that he is waiting to drink the last cup of wine of the Passover until what happens?
10. Jesus is offered wine before he is crucified. Why?

11. In John's gospel, Jesus takes the wine offered to him and he says "It is finished". He finishes, not only his life, but what else?

12. When Jesus delays receiving the wine until the moment of his death what are the three implications that follow from it?

13. Finish this line (p. 160) by means of the Last Supper...

14. From an ancient Jewish perspective what three things were needed for a sacrifice? Would they recognize those things in Jesus' death?

15. According to the Protestant scholar A.E.H. Rawlinson "It is the Last Supper which..."